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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/872,293	05/31/2001	G. Eric Engstrom	112076-138338	2368	
25943	3 7590 08/16/2006		EXAMINER		
SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C.			KALINOWSKI, ALEXANDER G		
PACWEST CENTER, SUITE 1900 1211 SW FIFTH AVENUE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PORTLAND, OR 97204			3627		
				DATE MAILED: 08/16/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
09/8	372,293	ENGSTROM, G. ERIC	
Exa	miner	Art Unit	
Alex	ander Kalinowski	3627	

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the co	orrespondence addı	ress
THE REPLY FILED 22 June 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR A		
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, after places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply following time periods:	fidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or
a) \bowtie The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of		r is later. In no
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIF MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).	RST REPLY WAS FILED	OWT NIHTIW C
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2)	n fee under 37 as set forth in (b)
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set for AMENDMENTS	to avoid dismissal o	f the appeal.
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief,	, will <u>not</u> be entered b	ecause
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NO™	E below);	
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);		
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reappeal; and/or	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, the non-allowable claim(s).	timely filed amendm	ent canceling
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:	ll be entered and an o	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) rejected:		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT_OR OTHER EVIDENCE		
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a N	otics of Annual will m	at ha amta
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidav and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	it or other evidence is	s necessary
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the	data of filing a brief	will mak ha
entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appear showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See	l and/or appellant fai	Is to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after each of the claims af		
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	illy is below or attac	nea.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in See Continuation Sheet.	condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s)	r []
13. Other:	Allande da	lucke
	Alexander Kalinows	ski
	SPE	
	Art Unit: 3627	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 7-05)

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The arguments presented by Applicant do not overcome the rejection of the claims. Applicant argues that the Tsuei reference does not disclose a substitute delivery address but does show the use of a private mailing code. The Examiner disagrees. The Tsuie reference discloses the use of an alias address (i.e. a substitute delivery address) where the alias address is a warehouse or a disguised mailing center(see paragraph 232 and 233). Therefore, the Tsuie reference discloses the use of a substitute delivery address. Applicant further argues that the Tsuei reference fails to disclose the delivery address service receives notification of a request to deliver or the arrival of the good, and then intervenes to provide the true mailing address to the shipper. The Examiner disagrees. In Tsuei, the offline database accepts an electronic message of a request to deliver a purchased good as a result of the use of an alias address by a subscriber in an online transaction (paragraph 83). Once the request is accepted, the system looks up the requested information in a lookup table and provides the requested information (paragraphs 83-85). Therefore, Tsuei discloses the claimed feature of a delivery address service receiving a notification message of a request to deliver goods and intervening to provide a true mailing address. The Examiner notes that claim language does not support Applicant's interpretation that the delivery address service pushes information to the shipper. Therefore, the Examiner will not consider Applicant's argument that the claimed invention pushes information to the shipper while the Tsuei reference pulls information from the database by the shipper. Therefore, Applicant's arguments directed to claim 1 are deemed nonpersuasive. For the same reasons, Applicant's arguments directed to the claims 15, 22, and 29 and dependent claims 2-5, 7, 13-14, 16-17, 19, 23-24, 26, 30-31, 34 and 36 are deemed nonpersuasive, with respect to claims 6, 8-10, 12, 18, 20-21, 25, 27-28, 32-33, 35 and 37, Applicant argues that Yamada does not overcome the deficiencies of Tsuie. See the Examiner's response to Applicant's arguments directed to the Tsuei reference. Furthermore, Applicant argues that the Yamada reference teaches away from the Tsuei reference. The Examiner notes that the Yamada reference was used to disclose specific features dealing with an alternative mailing address and that these features would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill. Also, the features are directed to the use of alternate mailing addresses, a feature which was present in the Tsuei reference. Therefore, Applicant's arguemts are deemed nonpersuasive. With respect to claim 11, Applicant repeats the same arguments directed to the Tsuei and Yamada references. The Examiner refers Applicant to the response to these arguments above. Therefore, Applicant's arguments directed to claim 11 are deemed nonpersuasive. .